Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	2
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	6 7
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	8
to the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the	9 10
Government-wide Statement of Activities	11
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	12
Required Supplementary Information (Other than MD&A) Budgetary Comparison Schedule	16
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	17
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Current Year & Prior Year	18

Deborah Daly CPA

1592 Ramblewood Way Pleasanton, CA 94566 Office (925) 426-1996 Fax (925) 426-1196

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District (District) as of and for the year ending June 30, 2009, which collectively comprised the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the Untied States and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2010 on our consideration of Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the budgetary comparison schedule are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplementary information required by the Government Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the method of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Pleasanton, California November 12, 2010

This section of the Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District (the District) annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Assets of the District exceeded liabilities by \$2,582,263 (Total Net Assets) for the fiscal year reported. Of this amount, 100% (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens, creditors, and future maintenance. The District does not have any net assets invested in capital assets.

The District's total net assets increased by \$289,134 during the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2009, the District reported ending fund balance of \$2,582,263 which is unreserved fund balance available for spending at the District's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) Government-wide financial statements, (2) Fund financial statements and (3) Notes to the basic financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial proposition of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused outside services.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). District governmental activities include preventing, mitigating, abating and controlling geologic hazards within the boundaries of the Silver Valley Country Club, all of which are funded from Silver Valley Country Club Area Property Taxes, and Service.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories, government funds and income from user fees.

Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These statements, however, focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's long-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains one governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund.

The District does not have any proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statement provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information is presented concerning the District budgetary comparison schedule. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Capital Project. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and to satisfy the requirement of GASB.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,582,263 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Assets:		2009		2008	Inc/(Dec) %
Current	\$	2,587,605	\$	2,296,251	11.26%
Total Assets	\$	2,587,605	\$	2,296,251	11.26%
Liabilities & Net Assets:		2009		2008	Inc/(Dec) %
Liabilities & Net Assets: Current	\$	2009 5,342	\$	2008 3,122	Inc/(Dec) % 41.56%
	\$ \$		\$ \$. ,

Analysis of Net Assets

The District's net assets reflect amounts reserved for future operations. At the close of the fiscal year, there was no debt outstanding related to the acquisition of capital assets. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported positive balances in both categories of net assets.

Governmental activities increased the District's net assets by \$289,134, thereby accounting for an increase of 11% of the total net assets of the District.

The following table indicates the changes in net assets for governmental activities.

	2009 2008		2008	Inc/(Dec) %
Change in Net Assets:	\$ 289,134	\$	237,952	17.70%

Analysis of Net Assets (continued)

Revenues:	2009	2008	Inc/(Dec) %
Property Taxes	\$ 249,245	\$ 248,883	0.15%
Investment Income	\$ 143,286	\$ 116,726	18.54%
Total Revenues	\$ 392,531	\$ 365,609	6.86%
Expenses:	 2009	2008	Inc/(Dec) %
Services & Supplies	\$ 103,397	\$ 127,657	-23.46%
Total Expenses	\$ 103,397	\$ 127,657	-23.46%
	2009	2008	Inc/(Dec) %
Change in Net Assets:	\$ 289,134	\$ 237,952	17.70%
Net Asset Activity	2009	2008	Inc/(Dec) %
Beginning Net Assets	\$ 2,293,129	\$ 2,055,177	10.38%
Change in Net Assets:	\$ 289,134	\$ 237,952	17.70%
Ending Net Assets	\$ 2,582,263	\$ 2,293,129	11.20%

Key elements of the increase in net assets of \$289,134 are as follows:

Total revenue increased by \$26,922, primarily because the district received an increase in its investment earnings. Property tax revenue was flat year to year, which is directly related to assessments remaining flat within the District.

Total operating expenses decreased by \$24,260, primarily because project costs had decreased, which was due fewer program activity.

Expenses decreased and revenue increased which resulted in an increase of 18% in the change in net assets.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The general government functions are contained in one General Fund. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of spend able resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2009 the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,582,263, a increase of \$289,134 in comparison with the prior year. This is primarily due to increased investment earnings and a decrease in project costs and program activity. The general fund is the only operating fund of the District. At June 30, 2009, the Districts ending fund balance is unreserved.

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$392,531 in year 2009, which represents an increase of 7% from the prior fiscal year. Expenditures of governmental activities, totaled \$103,397, which represents an decrease of 23% from the prior fiscal year. For the year ended June 30, 2009, revenues for governmental activities exceeded expenditures by \$289,134.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, actual revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by \$59,840, or 15%. This was primarily due to increases in investment income. Actual expenditures fell short of budgetary estimates by \$16,700, or 16%. This was primarily due to lower project costs, not anticipated at the time the budget was approved.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District had no capital assets at June 30, 2009.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District had no long-term debt at June 30, 2009.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's property tax revenues are fixed by State law and may not be altered except through the legislative process allowed by State law. The number of parcels in the District's benefit assessment roll has remained fairly constant for many years. The District charges each single family dwelling \$166.20 per year, condominiums are charged \$110.80 per year and commercial properties are charged \$.0332 per square foot, per year. Little or no revenue increases along with existing reserves continue to appear sufficient for the near term to allow for moderate economic uncertainty, anticipated services and operating expenses.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District, General Manager, 5655 Silver Creek Valley Road, Suite 454, San Jose, CA, 95138.

RESPONSE TO JOURNAL ENTRIES AUDIT DISCREPANCIES:

There were no audit adjustments required by the auditor for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash in banks Cash on hand Interest receivable Prepaid expenses and deposits Investments	\$ 1,662,579 - 22,265 - 902,761
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,587,605
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$
Accrued compensation	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,342
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	- 2,582,263
TOTAL NET ASSETS	2,582,263
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS	\$ 2,587,605

		Net (Expenses) Revenues & Changes in Net Assets	
_	Expenses		vernmental Activities
Expenses			
Government Activities Geotechnical / Hazard	\$ 103,397	\$	103,397
Total Government Activities	\$ 103,397	\$	103,397
General Revenues Property taxes Interest & investment income Miscellaneous		\$	249,245 143,286 -
Total General Revenues		\$	392,531
Change in Net Assets		\$	289,134
Net Assets, beginning of year:		\$	2,293,129
Net Assets, ending of year		\$	2,582,263

	Ge	eneral Fund
ASSETS		
Cash in banks Cash on hand Interest receivable Investments Prepaid expenses and deposits	\$	1,662,579 - 22,265 902,761 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,587,605
LIABILITIES		
Accounts and warrants payable Deferred revenue Accrued compensation	\$	5,342 - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,342
FUND BALANCE		
Unreserved		2,582,263
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,582,263
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE	\$	2,587,605

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2009

Fund Balance - Government Funds		Ş	6 2,582	,263
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Net	\$ \$	- - -	6	-
Net Assets of Governmental Activities			5 2,582	,263

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	 General
Revenues Property taxes Interest & investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 249,245 143,286 -
Total revenues	 392,531
Expenditures Salaries & benefits Services & supplies Capital expenditures	 - 103,397 -
Total expenditures	 103,397
Change in Fund Balance	 289,134
Fund Balance, beginning of year:	2,293,129
Fund Balance, ending of year	\$ 2,582,263

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Govermentalal Funds	\$ 289,134
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activites, the cost of thos assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Plus: Capital expenditures	\$ -
Less: Current year depreciation expense	\$ -
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 289,134

NOTE A – Reporting Entity

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District (District) is a California Special Assessment District that was organized in conformity with the Government Code Section 25842.5. The District accumulates funds to be used to abate any geological hazard arising from the hills surrounding the Silver Creek Country Club and the adjacent housing development.

The district is an autonomous Special District of the State of California, formed under Sections 5780-5791 of the Public Resources Code Article V, and is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the voters of the District. The District's manager oversees the operations of the District, in accordance with policies adopted by the Board of Directors.

The District's basic financial statements include the all operations for which the Board of Directors exercises oversight responsibility. These financial statements encompass all fiscal activities conducted by the District. Approximately two thirds of the District's revenue is funded through property tax assessments collected by the County of Santa Clara and the remaining third is generated via investment income.

NOTE B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Statement Presentation

The District complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict FASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. For enterprise funds, GASB Statement Nos. 20 and 34 provide the District the option of electing to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. This option does not apply for the District since it has no enterprise funds. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note. The District implemented the new reporting model standards beginning July 1, 2003. Comparability with reports of previous years will be affected.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. The District does not have fiduciary activities. Eliminations would have been made to minimize the double counting of internal services fund activities for the District but the District has no internal service fund activities. Taxes and fees for such services normally support governmental activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues would include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all kinds of taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are used only after the unrestricted resources are depleted.

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2009

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into one major category: governmental. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The District has one fund, the general fund, which is categorized as a governmental fund. There are no proprietary or fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

The District reports one major governmental fund: The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the District that are not accounted for through other funds. For the District, the General Fund's primary activity is recreation. The District does not have any non-major governmental funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide, and proprietary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation, with brief explanations, to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The accounting objectives of the economic resources measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net assets.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange, and exchange like transactions, are recognized when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange include property taxes and grants awarded. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. In the current financial resources measurement focus, only current financial assts and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financials resources during a given period. The fund balance is used as the measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after yearend. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2009

Investments

In the government-wide financial statements, investments are recorded at fair market value as reported by the brokerage firm. The Organization carries investments in equities and bonds with readily determinable fair values in the Statement of Financial Position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying Statement of Activities.

Equity Classifications

In government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net assets and divided into three components: Investment in Capital Assets – this category groups all capital assets into one component of net assets. For the year ending June 30, 2009 the District did not have any investments in capital assets. Restricted Net Assets – this category presents external restrictions imposed by grantors of other governments and restrictions imposed by law though constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For the year ending June 30, 2009 the District did not have any restricted net assets. Unrestricted Net Assets – this category represents net assets of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In governmental fund financial statements, equity is classified as fund balance. Reservations and designations segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked or specific purposes. The various reservations and designations are established by actions of the Board and management and can be increased, reduced or eliminated by similar actions.

Portions of unreserved fund balance may be designated to indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period, such as for general contingencies or capital projects. Such plans or intent are subject to change and have not been legally authorized or may not result in expenditures.

Property Taxes

The District receives property taxes from Santa Clara County, which has been assigned the responsibility for assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County. The District's property taxes are levied each July 1, for all real and personal property located in the District. For property that is sold, taxes and assessments are prorated based on date of sale. Assessments are charged annually as follows: \$166.20 for each single family dwelling / parcel, \$110.80 for each condominium dwelling, and \$.0332 per square foot on commercial property located within the boundaries of the District. Property tax revenues are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year received.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit and investment risks of the District are required to be disclosed as follows: Deposits that are covered by depository insurance and are (a) uncollateralized, b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor – government's name. All of the District's cash and investments fall under group b. The cash deposits maintained by the broker are insured up to \$500,000 under Securities Investments Protection Insurance. Cash deposits in excess of SPIC insurance limits at June 30, 2009, \$2,087,606. The District has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes the District is not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash. The District's investments are registered with the SEC.

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The District holds some of its cash in certificates of deposits, which bear interest ranging from 4.15% up to 6.25% and have maturities ranging from one month to thirteen years and eight months, with penalties for early withdrawal. Any penalties for early withdrawal would not have a material effect on the financial statements.

Investments are stated at fair market value, as reported by the investment brokerage company.

Cash and investments at June 30, 2009 consist of the following:

	Fair Market Value		
Cash in banks	\$	588,544	
Certificates of Deposits	\$	1,074,034	
Subtotal	\$	1,662,579	
Mortgage Backed Securities	\$	298,217	
Government Bonds	\$	604,545	
Subtotal	\$	902,761	

For the year ended June 30, 2009 investment income is reported net of related expenses, as follows:

Interest & Dividends	\$ 79,755
Unrealized Changes in Value	\$ 63,531
Total	\$ 143,286

NOTE D – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to assets, error and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. At June 30, 2009 there are no claims to be reported. For the year ended June 30, 2009 the District did not carry liability or Board Officer insurance.

NOTE E – NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

Net assets are divided into three captions, as determined at the government-wide level as follows: Investment in capital assets, net of related debt describes the portion of net assets which represent the current net book value of the District's capital assets less the outstanding related debt balance. Restricted, describes the portion of net assets that are restricted by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties. Unrestricted, describes the portion of net assets which is not restricted. Fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Portions of a fund's balance may be reserved or designated for future expenditure.

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District General Fund Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Budgetary Fund Balances, Beginning	\$ 2,293,129	\$ 2,293,129	\$ 2,293,129	\$-
Resources (Inflows) Property taxes Interest & investment income Other revenue	248,723 83,968	248,723 83,968 -	249,245 143,286 -	522 59,318 -
Amounts Available for Appropriation	332,691	332,691	392,531	59,840
Changes to appropriations (outflows) Salaries & benefits Services & supplies Capital expenditures	120,097	- 120,097 - 120,097	- 103,397 - 103,397	- 16,700 - 16,700
Total Changes to Appropriations	120,097	120,097	103,397	16,700
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 2,505,723	\$ 2,505,723	\$ 2,582,263	\$ 76,540

Explanations of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenue and Expenditures:

Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 332,691
Differences - budget to actual Increase is mostly due to an increase in investment earnings	\$ 59,840
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$ 392,531
Uses/Outflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total changes to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 120,097
Differences - budget to actual Increase is mostly due to expenses related to program costs	\$ (16,700)
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$ 103,397

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District:

We have audited the basis financial statements of Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained In *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the organization's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the organization's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the organization's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the district's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District as Finding 1 and Finding 2 in the findings and questioned costs section of this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Board of Directors, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pleasanton, California November 12, 2010

Part I

Summary of Auditor's Results	
Financial Statements	
Type of Auditor's report issued:	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting Material weaknesses identified? Reportable conditions identified that are not considered material weaknesses?	No Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	Not applicable

Part II

Financial Statement Findings and Questioned Costs, year ending June 30, 2009

Our audit of the accompanying basic financial statements of Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District for the year ending June 30, 2009 disclosed the following findings.

Finding 1

During our review of expenditures we noted the District does not carry Liability or Board Officer's insurance. In order to ensure the safety of the District's assets we recommend management obtain adequate insurance. This is a continued finding from the prior year and the board is currently securing several bids from various insurance carriers.

Finding 2

During our review of expenditures we noted the District did not have a current year signed independent contractor agreement with the District's operating manager. In order to ensure the safety of the District's assets we recommend management review contracts and agreements annually and document their approval in writing. This is a continued finding from the prior year and the board has implemented a procedure that requires approval in writing for all contractor agreements going forward.

Our report on Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District's compliance on internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of the basic financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, for the year ending June 30, 2009, disclosed no findings nor questioned costs.

Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs:

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District has no federal programs as of and for the year ending June 30, 2009.

Part III

Financial Statement Findings and Questioned Costs, June 30, 2008

Finding 1

During our review of expenditures we noted the District does not carry Liability or Board Officer's insurance. In order to ensure the safety of the District's assets we recommend management obtain adequate insurance.

Results:

Management is in agreement with finding and is in the process of securing bids from various insurance companies.

Finding 2

During our review of expenditures we noted the District did not have a current year signed independent contractor agreement with the District's operating manager. In order to ensure the safety of the District's assets we recommend management review contracts and agreements annually and document their approval in writing.

Results:

Management is in agreement with finding and has implemented a procedure that requires all contractor agreements to be approved and documented in writing.

Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

Silver Creek Valley Country Club Geologic Hazard Abatement District has no federal programs as of and for the year ending June 30, 2008.